

BIDI SFP 1550nm-TX/1310nm-RX 20KM SMF Transceiver

P/N: AE-SFP-BX20S-D

Features

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1550nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector for 20km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex SC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C, Extended: -40 to +85°C

Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	T _s	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

II. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T _c	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current	I _{cc}			300	mA
Data Rate	Gigabit Ethernet		1.25		Gbps
	Fiber Channel		1.063		

III. Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	1480	1550	1580	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			4	nm	
Average Output Power	P _{out}	-9		-3	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Swing Differential	V _{IN}	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable	2.0		V _{cc}	V	
	Enable	0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault	2.0		V _{cc}	V	
	Normal	0		0.8	V	
Receiver						
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	1260	1310	1360	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity				-22	dBm	3
Receiver Overload		-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-24	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential	V _{out}	400		1800	mV	4
LOS	High	2.0		V _{cc}	V	
	Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

- The optical power is launched into SMF.
- PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.

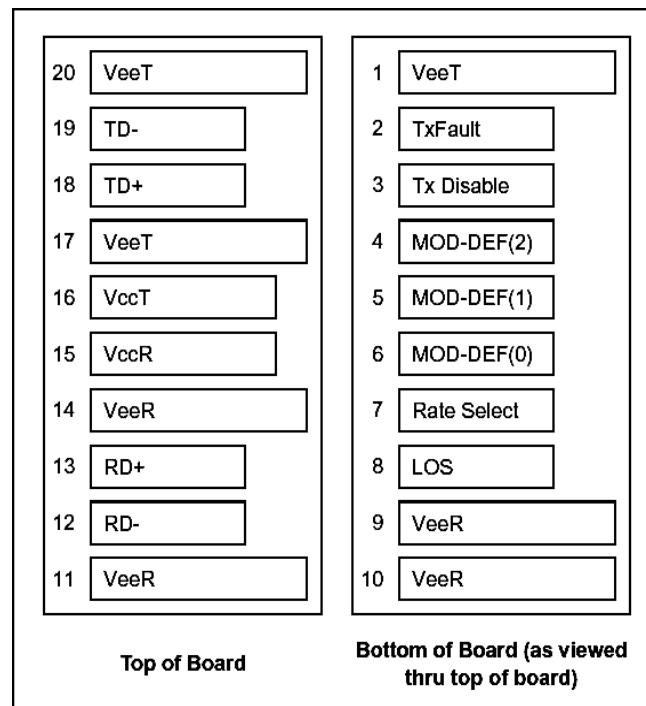
3. Measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.

4. Internally AC-coupled.

IV. Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μ s
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μ s
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μ s
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μ s
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μ s
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		V _{cc}	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V _L			0.8	V

V. Pin Definitions



VI. Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3

5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) *TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.*

2) *TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:*

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) *Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR}.*

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) *LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.*

5) *RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.*

6) *TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.*

VII. Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
AE-SFP-BX20S-D	BIDI SFP, 1.25 Gb/s, 1550nm, SMF,20km, DDM, SC connector, 0°C to +70°C
AE-SFP-BX20S-DI	BIDI SFP, 1.25 Gb/s, 1550nm, SMF,20km, DDM, SC connector, -40°C to +85°C